November	· 7, 2001	CC
Wicker	Woolsey	Young (AK)
Wilson Wolf	Wu Wynn	Young (FL)
WOII	NAYS—46	
Akin	Frank	Pence
Barr	Goode	Pombo
Bartlett	Harman	Rohrabacher
Blumenauer	Hinchey	Sanders
Cannon	Holt	Sensenbrenner
Carson (OK)	Johnson, Sam	Sherman
Coble	Jones (NC)	Slaughter
Collins Condit	Kerns Lee	Snyder Stark
Davis, Jo Ann	McKinney	Stump
Deal	Miller, George	Tancredo
DeFazio	Nadler	Tierney
Doggett	Obey	Watt (NC)
Duncan	Otter	Waxman
Everett	Paul	
Flake	Payne	
	NOT VOTING-	-14
Burton	Ganske	Meeks (NY)
Buyer	Jones (OH)	Schakowsky
Conyers Cubin	Kilpatrick Larson (CT)	Stearns
DeLay	Larson (C1) Lofgren	Sweeney
2020,		
Magana	☐ 1314	IEC of North
		NES of North of Oklahoma,
		and OTTER
changed th	neir vote fr	om ''yea'' to
"nay."		
		Irs. CLAYTON
	neir vote fr	om "nay" to
"yea."		
So the bil	l was passed.	
The result of the vote was announced		
as above recorded.		
A motion to reconsider was laid on		
the table.		
Stated for	••	
		cut. Mr. Speaker.

Mr. LARSON of Connecticut. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 431, I was detained on legislative business. Had I been present, I would

have voted "yea." Stated against:

Mr. STEARNS. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 431, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay."

#### $\sqcap$ 1315

#### EXPRESSING SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING WTO ROUND OF NE-GOTIATIONS IN DOHA, QATAR

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. DAN MILLER of Florida). The unfinished business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 262.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. ENGLISH) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 262, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 410, nays 4, not voting 18, as follows:

#### [Roll No. 432]

#### YEAS-410

Abercrombie Andrews Baker Ackerman Baldacci Armey Aderholt Baldwin Akin Rachus Ballenger Allen Baird Barcia

Barrett Bartlett Barton Bass Becerra Bentsen Bereuter Berkley Berman Berry Biggert Bilirakis Bishop Blagojevich Blumenauer Blunt. Boehlert Boehner Bonilla. Bonior Bono Borski Boswell Boucher Boyd Brady (PA) Brady (TX) Brown (FL) Brown (OH) Brown (SC) Bryant Burr Callahan Calvert Camp Cannon Cantor Capito Capps Capuano Cardin Carson (IN) Carson (OK) Castle Chabot Chambliss Clay Clayton Clement Clyburn Coble Collins Combest Condit Cooksey Costello Cox Coyne Cramer Crane Crenshaw Crowley Culberson Cummings Cunningham Davis (CA) Davis (FL) Davis (IL) Davis, Jo Ann Davis, Tom Dea1 DeFazio DeGette Delahunt DeLauro DeMint Deutsch Diaz-Balart Dicks Dingell Doggett Dooley Doolittle Doyle Duncan Dunn Edwards Ehlers Ehrlich Emerson Engel English Eshoo

Etheridge

Latham

LaTourette

Rodriguez

Roemer

Evans

Farr

Everett

Fattah

Ferguson Filner Lee Fletcher Levin Lewis (CA) Foley Forbes Lewis (GA) Lewis (KY) Ford Fossella Linder Lipinski Frank Frelinghuysen LoBiondo Lowey Lucas (KY)  ${\bf Frost}$ Gallegly Gekas Lucas (OK) Gephardt Luther Gibbons Lynch Gillmor Gilman Gonzalez Manzullo Goode Markey Goodlatte Mascara Gordon Matheson Matsui Goss Graham Granger McCollum Graves Green (TX) McCrery Green (WI) McDermott Greenwood McGovern McHugh Grucci McInnis Gutierrez Gutknecht McIntyre Hall (OH) McKeon Hall (TX) McKinney Hansen McNulty Harman Meehan Meek (FL) Hart Hastings (FL) Menendez Hastings (WA) Mica Millender-Hayes Hayworth McDonald Miller, Dan Hefley Herger Miller, Gary Hill Hilleary Miller Jeff Hilliard Mink Hinchey Mollohan Hinojosa Moore Hobson Moran (KS) Hoeffel Moran (VA) Hoekstra Morella. Holden Murtha Holt Myrick Honda Nadler Hooley Napolitano Horn Hostettler Nethercutt Houghton Ney Northup Hulshof Norwood Hyde Nussle Inslee Oberstar Isakson Ohev Olver Israel Ortiz Istook Osborne Jackson (IL) Ose Jackson-Lee Otter (TX) Owens Jefferson Oxley Jenkins Pallone John Pascrell Johnson (CT) Pastor Johnson (IL) Paul Johnson, E. B. Pavne Johnson, Sam Pelosi Jones (NC) Pence Kanjorski Kaptur Keller Phelps Kelly Pickering Kennedy (MN) Pitts Kennedy (RI) Platts Pombo Kerns Kildee Kind (WI) Pomeroy Portman King (NY) Price (NC) Kingston Pryce (OH) Kirk Putnam Kleczka Radanovich Knollenberg Rahall Ramstad Kucinich LaHood Rangel Lampson Regula Langevin Rehberg Lantos Reyes Largent Reynolds Larsen (WA) Riley Larson (CT) Rivers

Leach Maloney (CT) Maloney (NY) McCarthy (MO) McCarthy (NY) Miller, George Peterson (PA)

Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Ros-Lehtinen Ross Rothman Roukema Roybal-Allard Rovce Rush Ryan (WI) Rvun (KS) Sabo Sanchez Sanders Sandlin Sawyer Saxton Schaffer Schiff Schrock Scott Sensenbrenner Serrano Sessions Shadegg Shaw Shays Sherman Sherwood Shimkus Shows Shuster Simmons Dreier Flake Burton Buver Conyers Cubin

Simpson Skeen Skelton Slaughter Smith (MI) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Snyder Solis Souder Spratt Stark Stearns Stenholm Strickland Stupak Sununu Tancredo Tanner Tauscher Tauzin Taylor (MS) Taylor (NC) Terry Thomas Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thornberry Thune Thurman Tiahrt Tiberi Tierney NAYS-4 Kolbe Waters

Toomey Towns Traficant Turner Udall (CO) IIdall (NM) Upton Velazquez Visclosky Vitter Walden Walsh Wamp Watkins (OK) Watson (CA) Watt (NC) Watts (OK) Waxman Weiner Weldon (FL) Weldon (PA) Weller Wexler Whitfield Wicker Wilson Wolf Woolsey Wu Wvnn Young (AK) Young (FL)

#### NOT VOTING-18

Gilchrest Meeks (NY) Hunter Peterson (MN) Jones (OH) Quinn Kilpatrick Schakowsky DeLav LaFalce Stump Ganske Sweenev Lofgren

#### □ 1324

Mrs. BIGGERT changed her vote from "nav" to "vea."

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the pending business is the question of agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal of the last day's proceedings.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

#### REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 2149

Mr. DICKS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to withdraw my name as a cosponsor of H.R. 2149.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

#### REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 2180

Mr. HILLIARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to remove my name from cosponsorship of H.R. 2180.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

## ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair wishes to announce it will entertain 1-minute and 5-minute special orders until 2 o'clock today.

## COMMENDING THE WORLD CHAMPION ARIZONA DIAMONDBACKS

(Mr. FLAKE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. FLAKE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commend the world champion Arizona Diamondbacks.

On Sunday night, the Arizona Diamondbacks engaged New York in what will truly go down as one of history's greatest baseball games ever.

The game capped one of the most exciting and thrilling World Series that baseball has ever seen.

In the end, the world champion Arizona Diamondbacks emerged victorious, and in doing so, they became the first sports franchise in Arizona's long history to earn the right to call themselves the best in the world.

They also became the fastest baseball franchise to win a World Series, doing so in just their fourth year of existence.

The Arizona Diamondbacks take a lot of criticism sometimes for relying heavily on their aces, Curt Schilling and Randy Johnson, but this victory shows that they are truly a complete team from top to bottom. This is not to mention their rookie manager, Bob Brenly, who did a fantastic job, and the fantastic front office, led by Jerry Colangelo.

Mr. Speaker, I want to express my pleasure not only for what the Arizona Diamondbacks did, but the manner in which they did it. They did it with a great deal of class, integrity, and respect, which is a real reflection on the great State of Arizona.

On behalf of all Arizonans and Americans, I want to thank the world champion Arizona Diamondbacks for providing the country and the world with an exhilarating World Series, which reminds us why baseball is America's favorite pastime.

# PAYING RESPECTS TO RAYMOND T. BUTLER OF SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

(Mr. OSE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. OSE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay my respects to a friend of mine who passed away this past Saturday. Raymond T. Butler was an icon in the Sacramento community. I know my good friend, the gentleman from California (Mr. Matsui), also knew him very well.

Ray was involved in virtually every aspect of community life in Sacramento. He was by profession an insurance man, but he was also involved in banks and the cable TV industry. He was a longtime volunteer in numerous civic organizations.

Our community benefited from Ray Butler's involvement in it for many, many years. Our hearts go out to his wife and family in this time of loss.

Mr. Speaker, Sacramento has lost a champion, a lion of its community. We were the better for his presence and we are the lesser for his passing.

#### □ 1330

#### SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. DAN MILLER of Florida). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2001, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

## DISAPPOINTMENT IN FORMER LEBANESE OFFICIAL'S REMARKS

(Mr. WOLF asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WOLF. Mr. Speaker, I want to express deep disappointment in an article which appeared in yesterday's New York Times with regard to Lebanon.

We lost American men and women at the American Embassy in 1983. We lost 241 Marines who went there to help the Lebanese people and to help the Lebanese Government.

There was an article whereby the former Prime Minister, Selim al-Hoss, said the following: "The United States is consequently a terrorist partner, which makes the U.S. unfit to lead the world."

Mr. Speaker, we need in this region reconciliation; we need peace. We do not need inflammatory statements like this from the leadership and former leadership of the Lebanese Government. We should be bringing people together, not dividing people.

Mr. Speaker, I include for the RECORD the article I referred to.

[From the New York Times, Nov. 6, 2001] LEBANON TO RESIST U.S. SANCTIONS ON HEZBOLLAH

### (By John Kifner)

BEIRUT, LEBANON.—The Lebanese government is indignant over American pressure to freeze the assets of Hezbollah, the Shiite Muslim organization bitterly opposed to Israel.

It is a request the Lebanese are likely to reject, according to officials and accounts in newspapers here including the daily owned by Prime Minister Rafiq Hariri, which is presumed to reflect his views.

"The government is headed for a refusal to freeze Hezbollah money or to interfere with the resistance," that newspaper, Al Mustaqbal, reported today.

The apparent impasse once again spotlights the difficulties the Bush administration has in cobbling together its inter-

national coalition against terrorism in the face of overriding, passionately held views on local issues, particularly the Israeli-Palestinian conflict.

Hezbollah, whose name is Arabic for Party of God, was listed by the State Department on Friday, along with 21 other groups—a number of them Palestinian supporters opposed to the faltering Middle East peace efforts—as a terrorist organization whose financial resources should be cut off.

Those groups join the list that already includes groups under the control of or with ties to Osama bin Laden, who is suspected of being behind the Sept. 11 attacks on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon.

The American action on Friday imposed stringent financial sanctions on the 22 groups. The government seized any assets of Hezbollah in the United States long ago, but the latest move is seen as putting pressure on Arab governments to crack down on the fund-raising activities of Hezbollah and other groups on the list.

The widespread Lebanese outrage over the American demand reflects the distance Hezbollah has traveled since it rose from the Shitte Muslim slums on the southern fringe of Beirut in the early 1980's as a shadowy, brutal band of kidnappers, suicide bombers and airplane hijackers

and airplane hijackers.

Now it is a part of the Lebanese establishment, with members in Parliament, an important social service network and a television station whose news programs are avidly watched by many Lebanese

Hezbollah has enjoyed the support of Syria and Iran. Syria dominates Lebanon's political affairs.

Indeed, Hezbollah members are officially regarded as national heroes—"the resistance"—for their role as guerrillas who opposed the 22-year-long Israeli occupation of southern Lebanon.

The American ambassador here, Vincent Battle, presented the American position at an emergency meeting he requested on Friday with the Lebanese foreign minister, Mahmud Hammud.

The foreign minister was apparently unimpressed.

"The Lebanese resistance has expelled Israel's occupation army from south Lebanon last year," Mr. Hammud said. "We are proud of it."

"We view the resistance as a legitimate means to liberate our land from Israeli occupation, and we hold fast to it, with the support of Syria and the rest of the Arab world."

Perhaps the most striking reaction came from an unexpected quarter, the elder statesman Selim al-Hoss, a soft-spoken academic and a Sunni Muslim who was the long-suffering prime minister through many years of civil war. He is widely respected for his personal integrity, though as a leader he was rendered powerless by religious militia factions in a land then corrupt beyond imagination.

"America supports the world's most brutal terrorist state and the deadliest ever terrorist who leads it," Mr. Hoss said, referring to Israel and its prime minister, Ariel Sharon. "The United States is consequently a terrorist partner, which makes the U.S. unfit to lead the world."

Indeed, it was widely assumed here that Israel was behind the new list, particularly after the influential Israeli lobby in Washington, the American Israel Public Affairs Committee, applauded it.

To Hezbollah the condemnation was a badge of honor.

"We feel proud we have been taken as an enemy that should be blacklisted as terrorist by the Great Satan who heads the greatest pyramid of tyranny, repression and arrogance of modern times," Sheik Hassan Nasrullah, the group's leader, said at a rally.